# SOCIAL STUDIES Eighth Grade

### **CULTURE**

Culture encompasses similarities and differences among people, including their beliefs, knowledge, changes, values, and tradition. Student will explore these elements of society to develop an appreciation of human cultures.

Key	Reporting Category		Project WET Activity
D		Explain how people living in the same region maintain different ways of life.	
D		Analyze how human migration and cultural activities influence the character of a place.	
D		Discuss the development of major religions.	
D		Define religion.	
D		Describe the beliefs of America's major religions and religious organizations.	
D		Describe how religion contributed to the growth of representative government in the American colonies.	
M		Identify the role diverse cultures had on the development of the Americas.	
M		List the various cultures that contributed to the development of the United States.	
M		Identify and examine perspectives of various cultural groups within early American history.	
D		Identify specific technological innovations and their uses.	WET: Energetic Water
D		Construct a timeline of technological innovations and rate their relative importance on culture.	WET: Energetic Water

#### **ECONOMICS**

Globalization of the economy, the explosion of population growth, technological changes and international competition compels the student to understand, both personally and globally, production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services. The student will examine and analyze economic concepts such as basic needs versus wants, using versus saving money, and policy-making versus decision-making.

I		Describe the role that supply and demand, prices, incentives, and profits play in determining what is produced and distributed in a competitive market system.	
D		Describe the differences within economic theories such as mercantilism and capitalism.	
A	E	Recognize America's natural resources (i.e., land, timber, fish, animal pelts, peppers, sweet potatoes, squash, pumpkins, turkeys, peanuts, potatoes, tomatoes, tobacco, cacao, beans, and vanilla).	WET: Common Water, pg. 232
A	E	Interpret a diagram showing the steps of changing a resource into a product.	
D		List the major industrial and agricultural products of Tennessee and the United States.	

REPORTING CATEGORY

A	E	Recognize the factors that led to urbanization and industrialization in Early	
D		Explain the changes in types of jobs and occupations that resulted from the urbanization of Tennessee and Early America.	WET: Wet-Work Shuffle, pg. 360
A	Е	Recognize the economic activities of Early America (i.e., agriculture, industry, and service).	
D		Trace the development of major industries that contributed to the urbanization of Tennessee and Early America.	
D		Explain economic factors that led to the urbanization of Tennessee and Early America.	
A	E	Interpret a variety of economic graphs and charts with topics (e.g., the Columbian exchange, numbers of slaves, population of colonies, and population diversity).	
D		Compare basic economic systems according to who determines what is produced, distributed, and consumed.	
D		Evaluate the domestic and international impact of various economic agreements.	
A	E	Identify various forms of taxation (i.e., tariffs, sales tax, and excise tax).	
D		Generalize and evaluate the process of governmental taxation on individuals and businesses.	
D		Define macroeconomic terms such as economic alignments, credit, market economy, tariffs, closed economies, and emerging markets.	
A	E	Differentiate between a commercial and subsistence economy.	
D		Explain and illustrate how values and beliefs influence different economic decisions related to needs and wants.	WET: Common Water, pg. 232 WET: Perspectives, pg. 397
D		Evaluate the relationship between creditors and debtors.	
A	E	Differentiate between credit and debt.	
D		Analyze how supply and demand and change in technologies impact the cost for goods and services.	
M		Define microeconomic terms such as credit, debt, goods, services, domestic products, imports, and exports.	
D		Analyze the impact of national and international markets and events on the production of goods and services in Tennessee and Early America.	
D		Explain the economic impact of improved communication and transportation on the world economy.	WET: The Long Haul, pg. 260 WET: Water Crossings, pg. 421
D		Apply economic concepts to evaluate historic and contemporary developments.	
D		Define various types of economies and their methods of production and consumption.	
M		Analyze the impact of economic phenomena within the free enterprise system such as supply and demand, profit, government regulation, and world competition on the economy of Tennessee and Early America.	
D		Describe a range of examples of the various institutions that make up economic systems such as households, business firms, banks, government agencies, labor unions, and corporations.	WET: Common Water, pg. 232 WET: Perspectives, pg. 397

REPORTING CATEGORY

E =Economics G = Geography USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2 GC = Governance and Civics

		America (i.e., religious freedom, land ownership, and thriving market).	
A	E	Distinguish among various economic markets found in Early America (i.e., traditional, monopoly, oligopoly, and free competition).	

## **GEOGRAPHY**

Geography enables the student to see, understand and appreciate the web of relationships between people, places, and environments. The student will use the knowledge, skills, and understanding of concepts within the six essential elements of geography: world in spatial terms, places and regions, physical systems, human systems, environment and society, and the use of geography.

M		Locate major countries and regions of the world on a map or globe focusing on those countries and regions that relate to the development of North America.	WET: Piece It Together, pg. 174
A	G	Identify and use the key geographic elements on maps (i.e., island, flood plain, swamp, delta, marsh, harbor, cape, sea level, bay, prairie, desert, oasis, mesa, mountain, valley, glacier, canyon, cliff, and plateau).	WET: Piece It Together, pg. 174
A	G	Use various geographic data from maps and globes to determine longitude, latitude, distance, and direction.	WET: Piece It Together, pg. 174
A	G	Recognize how topographical features such as mountain and river systems influenced the settlement and expansion of the United States (i.e., Cumberland Gap, Wilderness Road, and Ohio and Tennessee river systems).	WET: The Long Haul, pg. 260 WET: Water Crossings, pg. 421
M		Identify the routes of contact between the Americas and Europe, Asia, and Africa.	
A	G	Interpret a geographic map of the early United States.	
D		Illustrate the geographic exchange of ideas, materials, and goods between the Americas and the rest of the world prior to the Civil War.	
A	G	Recognize the definition of religion.	
M		Identify major landforms, bodies of water, cities, and states.	
D		Identify the physical, economic, and cultural regions of the United States.	
M		Explain the factors that contribute to the placement of cities and boundaries.	WET: The Long Haul, pg. 260 WET: Water Crossings, pg. 421
M		Explain how physical features such as major river and mountain systems affected the development of early Native American and early European settlements.	WET: The Long Haul, pg. 260 WET: Water Crossings, pg. 421
A	G	Interpret examples which illustrate how cultures adapt to or change the environment (i.e., deforestation, subsistence farming, cash crop, and dam and road building).	WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242 WET: Irrigation Interpretation, pg. 254
D		Explain how environmental factors influenced the way of life of the various peoples of the Americas.	WET: After Math, pg. 289 WET: The Long Haul, pg. 260
D		Describe how geographic features affected the development of transportation and communication networks.	WET: Water Crossings, pg. 421
D		Explain the influences of geographic features both physical and human on historical events.	
D		Explain how physical processes shape the United States' features and patterns.	WET: After Math, pg. 289 WET: Back to the Future, pg. 293
D		Understand the differences in population characteristics of the United States such	

KEY I = Introduced D = DevelopingM = Mastered A = State Assessed

REPORTING CATEGORY **USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2** G = Geography

E =Economics GC = Governance and Civics

		as density, distribution, and growth rates.	
D		Explain how processes of migration affected development of settlements in the United States.	
M		Explain how environmental issues such as water supply and resource availability influenced settlement patterns.	WET: Common Water, pg. 232 WET: Pass the Jug, pg. 392
D		List the causes of migration and immigration.	
A	G	Interpret a chart or map of population characteristics of the early United States (i.e., density, distribution, and regional growth).	
A	G	Recognize how immigration and cultural diffusion have influenced the character of a place (i.e., religion within certain colonies, African songs in the American south, and British vs. French influences).	
D		Discuss the economic and social impact of immigration and migration on a region or country.	
D		Categorize causes of migration and immigration into "push and pull" factors.	

## GOVERNANCE AND CIVICS

Governance establishes structures of power and authority in order to provide order and stability. Civic efficacy requires understanding rights and responsibilities, ethical behavior, and the role of citizens within their community, nation, and world.

Analyze the necessity of establishing and enforcing the rule of law.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
Analyze and explain ideas and governmental mechanisms to meet needs and wants of citizens, regulate territory, manage conflict, and establish order and security.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
Explain and apply concepts such as power, role, status, justice, and influence to the examination of persistent issues and social problems.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403 WET: Perspectives, pg. 397
Describe the purpose of government and how its powers are acquired, used, and justified.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
Distinguish basic differences between democracy and other forms of government in other regions of the world.	
Identify and explain the roles of formal and informal political actors in influencing and shaping public policy and decision-making.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
Analyze the influence of diverse forms of public opinion on the development of public policy and decision-making.	WET: Perspectives, pg. 397
Relate a people's location, population, production and consumption to the function of their government.	
Identify models of lower to higher forms of political order.	
Describe the ways nations and organizations respond to forces of unity and diversity affecting order and security.	
Differentiate between rights and privileges of the individual.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
Consider how cooperation and conflict affect the dissemination of resources, rights, and privileges.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
Explain conditions, actions, and motivations that contribute to conflict and	
	Analyze and explain ideas and governmental mechanisms to meet needs and wants of citizens, regulate territory, manage conflict, and establish order and security.  Explain and apply concepts such as power, role, status, justice, and influence to the examination of persistent issues and social problems.  Describe the purpose of government and how its powers are acquired, used, and justified.  Distinguish basic differences between democracy and other forms of government in other regions of the world.  Identify and explain the roles of formal and informal political actors in influencing and shaping public policy and decision-making.  Analyze the influence of diverse forms of public opinion on the development of public policy and decision-making.  Relate a people's location, population, production and consumption to the function of their government.  Identify models of lower to higher forms of political order.  Describe the ways nations and organizations respond to forces of unity and diversity affecting order and security.  Differentiate between rights and privileges of the individual.  Consider how cooperation and conflict affect the dissemination of resources, rights, and privileges.

REPORTING CATEGORY

	The second of th	
	Describe and analyze the role advancements in technology have played in conflict resolution.	
	Define the differences between the individual and the state.	
	Identify and interpret sources and examples of the rights and responsibilities of citizens.	
	Describe the importance of individual rights, such as free speech and press, in a democratic society.	
GC	Recognize the rights and responsibilities of individuals throughout the development of the United States.	
	Evaluate the role of government in balancing the rights of individuals versus the common good.	
GC	Identify the rights, responsibilities, and privileges of a member of the United States of America (i.e., Declaration of Independence, Articles of Confederation, Constitution, and Bill of Rights).	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
GC	Identify the purposes and structures of various systems of governance (i.e., Federalism, Confederation, Republic, Democracy, Executive, Legislative, and Judicial).	
GC	Recognize the purpose of government and how its powers are acquired, used, and justified.	WET: Pass the Jug, pg. 392 WET: Dilemma Derby, pg. 377
	Identify and describe the basic features of the political system in the early United States, and identify representative leaders from various levels and branches of government.	
GC	Identify how conditions, actions, and motivations contributed to conflict and cooperation between states, regions, and nations.	
	Analyze the effectiveness of selected public policies and citizen behaviors in realizing the stated ideals of a democratic republican form of government.	
	Explain how the Constitution is applied in every day life.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
GC	Recognize the rights guaranteed in the Bill of Rights.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
	Apply the Constitution to individual court cases.	
GC	Recognize the impact of major court decisions have had on American life, (i.e., Marbury vs. Madison, McCulloch vs. Maryland, and Dred Scott vs. Sandford).	
	Analyze the United States Constitution in principle and practice.	
	Compare and contrast the ways the Constitution balances the "individual" versus the "state."	
	Identify how the Tennessee Constitution reflects the principles represented in the Constitution.	
	Identify the influences of ideas from the United States Constitution on the Tennessee Constitution.	
	Identify civic responsibilities of Tennessee and United States citizens.	
	Describe the structure and functions of government at municipal, county, and state levels.	
	GC GC GC	conflict resolution.  Define the differences between the individual and the state.  Identify and interpret sources and examples of the rights and responsibilities of citizens.  Describe the importance of individual rights, such as free speech and press, in a democratic society.  GC Recognize the rights and responsibilities of individuals throughout the development of the United States.  Evaluate the role of government in balancing the rights of individuals versus the common good.  Identify the rights, responsibilities, and privileges of a member of the United States of America (i.e., Declaration of Independence, Articles of Confederation, Constitution, and Bill of Rights).  GC Identify the purpose and structures of various systems of governance (i.e., Federalism, Confederation, Republic, Democracy, Executive, Legislative, and Judicial).  GC Recognize the purpose of government and how its powers are acquired, used, and justified.  Identify and describe the basic features of the political system in the early United States, and identify representative leaders from various levels and branches of government.  GC Identify how conditions, actions, and motivations contributed to conflict and cooperation between states, regions, and nations.  Analyze the effectiveness of selected public policies and citizen behaviors in realizing the stated ideals of a democratic republican form of government.  Explain how the Constitution is applied in every day life.  Recognize the rights guaranteed in the Bill of Rights.  Apply the Constitution to individual court cases.  GC Recognize the impact of major court decisions have had on American life, (i.e., Marbury vs. Madison, McCulloch vs. Maryland, and Dred Scott vs. Sandford).  Analyze the United States Constitution in principle and practice.  Compare and contrast the ways the Constitution balances the "individual" versus the "state."  Identify how the Tennessee Constitution reflects the principles represented in the Constitution.  Identify the influences of ideas from the United Sta

REPORTING CATEGORY

E =Economics G = Geography USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2
GC = Governance and Civics

D		Identify how the different points of view of political parties and interest groups have affected important Tennessee and national issues.	
D		Analyze the contributions of Tennessee political leaders within the national scene.	
A	GC	Identify the role of institutions in furthering both continuity and change (i.e., governments, churches, families, schools, and communities).	
A	GC	Recognize how groups and institutions work together to meet common needs.	WET: Common Water, pg. 232 WET: Pass the Jug, pg. 392 WET: Dilemma Derby, pg. 377 WET: Perspectives, pg. 397
A	GC	Recognize how a right must be interpreted to balance individual rights with the need for order (i.e., freedom of speech, freedom of religion, and trial by jury).	

### HISTORY

History involves people, events, and issues. The student will evaluate evidence to develop comparative and causal analyses, and to interpret primary sources. He/she will construct sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based.

# \* Some state performance indicators are listed in more than one era. These may be assessed in any of the eras in which they appear, but not necessarily in all eras in which they appear.

Era 1 - Three Worlds Meet (Beginnings to 1620)

D	Identify the ancient civilizations in the Americas.	
D	Explain the cultures of the Western Hemisphere's native peoples prior to European contact.	
D	Evaluate the expanding intercontinental exchange and the conflicts brought on by exploration and colonization.	
D	Describe the role religion played in Western Europe, during the age of exploration, with respect to subsequent crusading tradition and overseas exploration.	
D	Explain the ways geographic, technological, and scientific factors contributed to the European age of exploration and settlement in the Americas.	
D	Describe the immediate and long-term impact early European exploration had on native populations and on colonization in the Americas.	
D	List the characteristics of the Spanish and Portuguese exploration and conquest of the Americas.	
D	Recognize that the English, Spanish, Portuguese, and French differed from one another in their views regarding economy, property, and religion, and this influenced the way the different cultures colonized.	
D	Identify and use key concepts such as chronology, causality, change, conflict, and complexity to explain, analyze, and show connections among patterns of historical change and continuity.	
D	Explain the geological factors that led to the geographic features of Tennessee.	
D	Describe pre-Columbian Native American peoples and their societies.	

E =Economics G = Geography E = Geography USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2 GC = Governance and Civics

D		List the early European explorers and their nations of origin.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Read a timeline and order events of the past.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1, 2	Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Identify how religion contributed to early American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1, 2	Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.	
*A	USP 1	Recognize the influence of science and technology on the development of early American colonial cultures (i.e., compass, shipbuilding, food storage, printing press, financial markets, weaponry, and transportation).	
*A	USP 1	Contrast the characteristics of major native civilizations of the Americas.	
*A	USP 1	Compare and contrast the tenets of America's early major religions (i.e., Olmec beliefs, Native American Earth/Mother spirit, African Traditional Religion, Puritanism, and Quakerism).	
*A	USP 1	Recognize the historical impacts of European settlement in North America.	

# Era 2 - Colonization and Settlement (1585-1763)

D	Discuss the search for religious, economic, and individual freedom in the settlement of the colonies.
D	Classify various limits on individual freedom in Colonial America.
D	Describe the lives of free and indentured immigrants from Europe who came to North America and the Caribbean.
D	Recognize the contributions of European philosophers which influenced the religious and political aspects of colonial America as to how individuals contributed to participatory government, challenged inherited ideas of hierarchy, and affected the ideal of community.
D	Explain how the evolution of English political practice impacted the colonists' sense of freedom.
D	Detail the growth and change in the European colonies during the two centuries following their founding with an emphasis on New England and Virginia.
D	Explain the differences and similarities among the English, French, and Spanish

REPORTING CATEGORY

 $\begin{array}{lll} E=&Economics & G=&Geography & USP\ 1=&United\ States\ Period\ 1 & USP\ 2=&United\ States\ Period\ 2 \\ & GC=&Governance\ and\ Civics \end{array}$ 

		settlements.	
D		Recognize the cultural and environmental impacts of European settlement in North America.	
D		Evaluate the importance of the Mayflower Compact, the Fundamental Orders of Connecticut, and the Virginia House of Burgesses to the growth of representative government.	
D		Recognize the shift from utilizing indentured servitude to slavery within the colonies due to economic reasons and popular uprisings.	
D		Read and analyze a primary source document such as diaries, letters, and contracts.	
D		Recognize how family and gender roles of different regions of Colonial America changed across time.	
D		Recognize that the economic systems employed in the Northern colonies differed from those of the Southern colonies.	
D		Explain how the Declaration of Independence conflicts with the institution of chattel slavery.	
D		Describe the contributions of free and enslaved blacks in United States history.	
D		Identify Tennessee's natural resources.	
D		Discuss how the Proclamation Line did not deter western expansion of colonials.	
D		Explain the significance of the Cumberland Gap in Tennessee history.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Read a timeline and order events of the past.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1, 2	Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Identify how religion contributed to early American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1, 2	Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Analyze in economic terms (i.e., climate, triangle trade, infrastructure, and topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.	
*A	USP 1	Recognize the influence of science and technology on the development of early	

REPORTING CATEGORY

E =Economics G = Geography USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2
GC = Governance and Civics

		American colonial cultures (i.e., compass, shipbuilding, food storage, printing press, financial markets, weaponry, and transportation).	
*A	USP 1	Contrast the characteristics of major native civilizations of the Americas.	
*A	USP 1	Compare and contrast the tenets of America's early major religions (i.e., Olmec beliefs, Native American Earth/Mother spirit, African Traditional Religion, Puritanism, and Quakerism).	
*A	USP 1	Recognize the historical impacts of European settlement in North America.	

## Era 3 - Revolution and the New Nation (1754-1820)

M		Explain the events that contributed to the outbreak of the American Revolution such as leaders who resisted imperial policy, the English tax on colonists from the Seven Years' War, divergent economic interests, and regional motivations.	
M		Know the Declaration of Independence, its major ideas, and its sources.	
M		Describe the armed conflict of the Revolutionary War.	
M		Explain the roles played by significant individuals during the American Revolution and their independence, which led to the creation of the Articles of Confederation.	
M		Explain the economic issues addressed by the Continental Congress and its subsequent successes and failures.	
D		Recognize the debate over the necessity of the Bill of Rights.	WET: Water Bill of Rights, pg. 403
D		Explain the factors and results of Shay's Rebellion.	
D		Analyze documents such as the Declaration of Independence, the Federalist Papers, the United States Constitution, and the Bill of Rights.	
D		Explain the differing perspectives and roles played in the American Revolution by various groups of people.	
M		Describe the events that led to the creation and the failure of the state of Franklin.	
M		Examine the expansion of settlers into Tennessee.	
M		Discuss the entry of Tennessee into the Union.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Read a timeline and order events of the past.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1, 2	Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Identify how religion contributed to early American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).	
*A	USP 1,	Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171

REPORTING CATEGORY

E = Economics G = Geography USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2
GC = Governance and Civics

	2		WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1, 2	Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Analyze in economic terms (i.e., climate, triangle trade, infrastructure, and topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.	
*A	USP 2	Recognize the course of conflicts including major battles, alliances, strategy, leadership, resources, or technology using a diagram for the Revolutionary War.	
*A	USP 1	Recognize the influence of science and technology on the development of early American colonial cultures (i.e., compass, shipbuilding, food storage, printing press, financial markets, weaponry, and transportation).	WET: Irrigation Interpretation, pg. 254 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1	Contrast the characteristics of major native civilizations of the Americas.	
*A	USP 1	Compare and contrast the tenets of America's early major religions (i.e., Olmec beliefs, Native American Earth/Mother spirit, African Traditional Religion, Puritanism, and Quakerism).	
*A	USP 1	Recognize the historical impacts of European settlement in North America.	

# Era 4 - Expansion and Reform (1801-1861)

		1
D	Give examples of maps, timelines, and charts that show western expansion.	
D	Identify the factors that led to territorial expansion and its effects.	
D	Explain the short and long term political and cultural impacts of the Louisiana Purchase.	
D	Recognize the significance of the Lewis and Clark expedition.	
D	Describe the Monroe Doctrine and its foreign policy goals.	
D	Describe the causes, sectional divisions, and Native American support for the British and results of the War of 1812.	
D	Discuss sectional differences brought on by the Western movement, expansion of slavery, and emerging industrialization.	
D	Illustrate the demographics brought on by the Western movement, expansion of slavery, emerging industrialization and consequences for Native American groups.	
D	Consider the social and political impact of the theory of Manifest Destiny.	
D	Analyze governmental policy in response to sectional differences.	
D	Explain the events that led to the Mexican-American War and the consequences of the Treaty of Guadeloupe-Hidalgo.	
D	Describe the political impact of adding new states to the Union.	
D	Define the concept of reform.	

REPORTING CATEGORY

D         Identify reform movements of early 1800's         Identify reform movements of early 1800's           D         Describe the lives of immigrants in American society during the antibellum period and how this led to a rationale for reform movement.           D         Image: Describe the lives of immigrants in American society during the antibellum period and how this led to a rationale for reform movement.           D         Image: Describe the lives of immigrants in Americans within Temessee and regions.           D         Evaluate the differences among Temessee's three grand divisions.           D         Study the impact on Temessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.           B         Recognize Temessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.           C         Recognize Temessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.         WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242           AD         Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early American (i.e., land, religion, money, proneer spiril, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).         WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242           AD         USP 1, Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).         WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242           AD         USP 1, Identify controlled between primary and secondary source documents.         WET: Old Water, pg. 242 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>				
period and how this led to a rationale for reform movement.  Discuss the growth of Tennessee's cities and regions.  Evaluate the differences among Tennessee's three grand divisions.  Discuss the growth of Tennessee's thirtory made by individuals.  Examine the events that led to the systematic removal of Native Americans within Tennessee and the subsequent Trail of Tears.  Discuss the growth of Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.  Recognize Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.  Read a timeline and order events of the past.  WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242  *A USP 1, Paccognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).  *A USP 1, Paccognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  *A USP 1, Paccognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  *A USP 1, Paccognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  *A USP 1, Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.  WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242  *A USP 1, Identify how ruligion contributed to early American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).  *A USP 1, Identify conclusions about historical events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 2, Paccognize the impact of the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP	D		Identify reform movements of early 1800's.	
D         Evaluate the differences among Tennessee's three grand divisions.           D         Study the impact on Tennessee's history made by individuals.           D         Examine the events that led to the systematic removal of Native Americans within Tennessee and the subsequent Trail of Tears.           D         Recognize Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.           PA         USP 1, 2         Read a timeline and order events of the past.         WET: Old Water. pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242           *A         USP 1, 2         Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servinude, displacement, and slavery).         WET: Old Water. pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242           *A         USP 1, 2         Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.         Princh and Indian War, and War of ISI 2).           *A         USP 1, 2         Identify how religion contributed to early American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).         WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242           *A         USP 1, 2         Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).         WET: Old Water, pg. 242           *A         USP 1, 2         Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil W	D			
D Study the impact on Tennessee's history made by individuals.  Examine the events that led to the systematic removal of Native Americans within Tennessee and the subsequent Trail of Tears.  Recognize Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.  *A USP 1, 2 Read a timeline and order events of the past.  USP 1, 2 Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early America (E.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.  *A USP 1, 2 Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  *A USP 1, 2 Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.  *A USP 1, 2 Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.  *A USP 1, 2 Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Givil War).  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  2 Lendify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  2 Analyze in economic terms (i.e., climate, triangle trade, infrastructure, and topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.  *A USP 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.	D		Discuss the growth of Tennessee's cities and regions.	
Examine the events that led to the systematic removal of Native Americans within Tennessee and the subsequent Trail of Tears.   Description   Recognize Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.	D		Evaluate the differences among Tennessee's three grand divisions.	
within Tennessee and the subsequent Trail of Tears.  Proceedings Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.  Recognize Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.  Recognize Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.  Recognize Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.  WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242  Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).  NESP 1, 2 Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.  Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  Learner Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  Learner Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  Learner Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  Learner Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  Learner Recognize consequences of the carly American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).  WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 171 WET: Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  Learner Recognize Conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  A USP 1, Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary source documents.  Learner Recognize Conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary source.  Learner Recognize Conclusions about historical even	D		Study the impact on Tennessee's history made by individuals.	
*A USP 1, 2 Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, 2 USP 1, 2 Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early dmerica, (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.  *A USP 1, 2 Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  *A USP 1, 2 Identify how religion contributed to early American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).  *A USP 1, 2 Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  2 Yes 1 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.	D			
*A USP 1, 2 Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, 2 Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, 2 Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, 2 Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Definition of the North.  *A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	D		Recognize Tennessee's influence in the country's westward expansion.	
2 America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).  *A USP 1, Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.  *A USP 1, 2 Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).  *A USP 1, 2 Identify how religion contributed to early American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).  *A USP 1, 2 Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.  *A USP 1, 2 Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, 1 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Analyze in economic terms (i.e., climate, triangle trade, infrastructure, and topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.  *A USP 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  *A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A	_	Read a timeline and order events of the past.	
*A USP 1, Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, USP 1, Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, USP 1, Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, USP 1, Differentiate between primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, Classify the characteristics of major historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 2, Analyze in economic terms (i.e., climate, triangle trade, infrastructure, and topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.  *A USP 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A	_	America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude,	
#A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  #A USP 1, 2 USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  #A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  #A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  #A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  #A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  #A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  #A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  #A USP 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  #A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  #A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  #A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  #A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A		Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.	
2 government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).  *A USP 1, 2  *A USP 1, 2  *Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, 2  *A USP 1, 2  *Bellify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, 2  *A USP 1, 2  *A USP 1, 2  *A USP 1, 2  *A USP 3  *A USP 2  *A USP 3  *A USP 4  *A USP 2  *A USP 4  *A USP 5  *A USP 6  *A USP 6  *A USP 7  *A USP 7  *A USP 8  *A USP 8  *A USP 9  *A USP 9  *A USP 1  *A USP 1  *A USP 1  *A USP 1  *A USP 2  *Becognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  *A USP 2  *A USP 2  *A USP 2  *Becognize the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2  *A USP 2  *Becognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2  *A USP 2  *Betermine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2  *A USP 2  *A USP 2  *Betermine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2  *A USP 2  *Betermine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.	*A			
*A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, 2 Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, 2 Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A			
2 exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).  *A USP 1, Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.  *A USP 1, Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, Analyze in economic terms (i.e., climate, triangle trade, infrastructure, and topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.  *A USP 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  *A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A		Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.	
2 sources.  *A USP 1, Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.  *A USP 1, Analyze in economic terms (i.e., climate, triangle trade, infrastructure, and topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.  *A USP 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  *A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A			
*A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A			
topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.  *A USP 2 Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  *A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A		Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.	
Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).  *A USP 2 Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.  *A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A			
*A USP 2 Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.  *A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A	USP 2		
*A USP 2 Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A	USP 2	Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.	
world levels.  *A USP 2 Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A	USP 2	Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.	
institution of slavery in America.  *A USP 2 Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	*A	USP 2		
States to the Civil War.	*A	USP 2		
*A USP 2 Interpret maps, timelines, and charts that illustrate key elements of history (i.e.,	*A	USP 2		
	*A	USP 2	Interpret maps, timelines, and charts that illustrate key elements of history (i.e.,	

KEY I = Introduced D = Developing M = Mastered A = State Assessed

REPORTING CATEGORY

USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2 GC = Governance and Civics E =Economics G = Geography

		expansion, economics, politics, and society).	
*A	USP 2	Recognize examples of stereotyping, prejudice, conformity, and altruism in Early American history.	
*A	USP 2	Analyze the contributions of Tennessee political leaders on the national scene (e.g., Andrew Jackson, Andrew Johnson, James K .Polk, Sequoyah, and Sam Houston).	
*A	USP 2	Examine the demographic changes brought about by westward movement (i.e., slavery, industrialization, and Native American relocation).	
*A	USP 2	Recognize the course of conflicts including major battles, alliances, strategy, leadership, resources, or technology using a diagram for the Revolutionary War.	

# Era 5 - Civil War and Reconstruction (1850-1877)

		T	
D		Identify sectional differences that led to the Civil War.	
D		Chart the course of major events throughout the Civil War.	
D		Explain the technological, social, and strategic aspects of the Civil War.	
D		Weigh political, social, and economic impact of the Civil War on the different regions of the United States.	
D		Understand that different scholars may describe the same event or situation in different ways.	
D		Recognize the economic impact of African-American labor on the United States economy.	
D		Analyze the social and cultural impact of African-Americans on American society.	
*A	USP1	Read a timeline and order events of the past.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171
	,2		WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1, 2	Recognize the causes and examples of migration and immigration in early America (i.e., land, religion, money, pioneer spirit, indentured servitude, displacement, and slavery).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Differentiate between a primary and secondary source.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Recognize causes and consequences of conflict, (i.e., French and Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Identify how religion contributed to early American society (e.g., impact on government, education, social norms, slavery, and tolerance).	
*A	USP 1,	Interpret a timeline of technological innovations.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171
	2		WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
*A	USP 1, 2	Classify the characteristics of major historic events into causes and effects (i.e., exploration, colonization, revolution, expansion, and Civil War).	
*A	USP 1, 2	Identify conclusions about historical events using primary and secondary sources.	
*A	USP 1, 2	Differentiate between primary and secondary source documents.	

REPORTING CATEGORY

*A	USP 1, 2	Analyze in economic terms (i.e., climate, triangle trade, infrastructure, and topography) why slavery flourished in the South as opposed to the North.	
*A	USP 2	Identify cultures that contributed to the development of the United States (i.e., Native American, African, British, Scottish, Irish, and German).	
*A	USP 2	Recognize consequences of the westward expansion of the United States.	
*A	USP 2	Identify the impact of individual and group decisions on historical events.	
*A	USP 2	Recognize the impact groups have on change at the local, state, national, and world levels.	
*A	USP 2	Determine the social, political, and economic factors that contribute to the institution of slavery in America.	
*A	USP 2	Interpret a timeline, detailing the development of political parties in the United States to the Civil War.	
*A	USP 2	Interpret maps, timelines, and charts that illustrate key elements of history (i.e., expansion, economics, politics, and society).	
*A	USP 2	Recognize examples of stereotyping, prejudice, conformity, and altruism in Early American history.	
*A	USP 2	Analyze the contributions of Tennessee political leaders on the national scene (e.g., Andrew Jackson, Andrew Johnson, James K .Polk, Sequoyah, and Sam Houston).	
*A	USP 2	Examine the demographic changes brought about by westward movement (i.e., slavery, industrialization, and Native American relocation).	
*A	USP 2	Recognize the course of conflicts including major battles, alliances, strategy, leadership, resources, or technology using a diagram for the Revolutionary War.	

## INDIVIDUALS, GROUPS, AND INTERACTIONS

Personal development and identity are shaped by factors including culture, groups, and institutions. Central to this development are exploration, identification, and analysis of how individuals and groups work independently and cooperatively.

D	Examine persistent issues involving the rights, roles, and status of the individual in relation to the general welfare.	WET: Dilemma Derby, pg. 377 WET: Perspectives, pg. 397
I	Identify and interpret examples of stereotyping, conformity, and altruism.	
I	Identify and analyze examples of tension between expression of individuality and group or institutional efforts to promote social conformity.	
D	Describe the role of institutions in furthering both continuity and change.	
D	Apply knowledge of how groups and institutions work to meet individual needs and promote the common good.	WET: Common Water, pg. 232 WET: Pass the Jug, pg. 392
D	Describe the various forms institutions take and the interactions of people with institutions.	

### SOCIAL STUDIES PROCESS STANDARDS

The student will use social studies process standards to acquire information, analyze, problem solve, communicate, and develop a historical awareness.

E =Economics G = Geography E = Geography USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2 GC = Governance and Civics

D	Detect cause and effect relationships to acquire information.	
D	Distinguish between fact and opinion to recognize propaganda to acquire information.	WET: What's Happening, pg. 425
D	Use maps, graphs, globes, media, and technology sources to acquire information.	
D	Discover resources available from museums, historical sites, presidential libraries, and local and state preservation societies to acquire information.	
D	Identify relevant factual material to problem solve and analyze data.	
D	Classify information by source, chronology, and importance to problem solve and analyze data.	
D	Critically examine data from a variety of sources to problem solve and analyze data.	
D	Detect bias in data presented in a variety of forms to problem solve and analyze data.	
D	Note cause/effect relationship and draw inferences from a variety of data to problem solve and analyze data.	
D	Read critically a variety of materials including textbooks, historical documents, newspapers, magazines, and other reference sources for historical awareness.	
D	Construct and analyze timelines for historical awareness.	WET: Old Water, pg. 171 WET: Energetic Water, pg. 242
D	Utilize community resources such as field trips, guest speakers, and museums for historical awareness.	
D	Incorporate the use of technological resources for historical awareness.	
D	Utilize primary and secondary source material such as biographies and autobiographies; novels; speeches and letters; and poetry, songs, and artwork for historical awareness.	

REPORTING CATEGORY

E =Economics G = Geography USP 1= United States Period 1 USP 2 = United States Period 2 GC = Governance and Civics